Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Financial Position (unaudited)

	September 30, 2019 \$	December 31, 2018 \$
Non-current Assets		
Investment properties (notes 3 and 4)	562,536,908	530,191,912
Equity investment in joint venture (note 5)	5,062,419	4,353,866
Restricted cash	2,188,724	1,958,866
Right-of-use assets (note 2)	1,295,622	-
Other non-current assets	118,937	146,885
Current Assets	571,202,610	536,651,529
Cash	4 840 030	2 25/ 160
Tenant and other receivables (note 6)	4,849,030 1,204,185	3,354,169 1,268,266
Deposits	1,204,105	300,000
Prepaid expenses	2,864,314	478,593
Asset held for sale (note 4)	3,700,000	-
Other current assets (note 7)	5,020,375	6,328,182
()	17,637,904	11,729,210
		_
Total Assets	588,840,514	548,380,739
Non-current Liabilities		
	171 560 727	150 212 505
Mortgages payable (notes 3 and 8) Credit Facility (note 9)	171,560,737 66,597,487	158,343,585
Lease liabilities (notes 2 and 19)	3,812,945	_
Derivative financial instruments (note 18)	962,114	_
Class B LP Units (note 10)	36,471,723	37,320,065
Warrants (note 11)	1,280	4,225
Unit options (note 12)	375,000	275,000
Restricted share units (note 13)	72,000	-
,	279,853,286	195,942,875
Current Liabilities		
Mortgages payable (notes 3 and 8)	60,653,487	66,654,908
Credit Facility (note 9)	-	58,715,338
Distributions payable	1,357,494	1,235,681
Accounts payable, accruals and other liabilities (notes 14 and 21)	7,543,560	7,789,734
	69,554,541	134,395,661
Total Liabilities	349,407,827	330,338,536
Equity		
Unitholders' equity (note 15)	196,529,394	178,267,365
Retained earnings	42,903,293	39,774,838
Total Unitholders' Equity	239,432,687	218,042,203
Total Liabilities and Unitholders' Equity	588,840,514	548,380,739
On behalf of the Board:		
"Lorne Jacobson" Trustee		
"Brad Cutsey" Trustee		

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income (unaudited)

	For the three months ended September 30, 2019 2018			ne months otember 30, 2018
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Net rental income				
Property revenues (note 17)	14,875,417	13,450,841	44,265,280	39,876,326
Property expenses	(5,286,871)	(4,855,799)	(15,994,454)	(15,115,688)
Net rental income	9,588,546	8,595,042	28,270,826	24,760,638
General and administrative expense (note 21)	(851,578)	(673,684)	(2,444,666)	(2,150,060)
Fair value adjustment of investment properties (note 4)	649,868	121,745	390,124	1,517,254
Fair value adjustment of Class B LP Units (note 10)	(364,720)	(593,408)	(2,068,483)	(324,022)
Fair value adjustment of warrants (note 11)	1,323	1,748	2,945	12,594
Fair value adjustment of unit options (note 12)	(20,000)	(46,000)	(100,000)	(132,000)
Fair value adjustment of derivative financial instruments (note 18) Income (loss) from equity accounted investment in	107,615	-	(962,114)	-
joint venture (note 5)	93,780	160,449	(191,447)	293,205
Loss on disposal of investment properties (note 3)	-	-	-	(48,721)
Other income (note 7)	684,169		3,207,794	<u> </u>
	9,889,003	7,565,892	26,104,979	23,928,888
Finance synapse				
Finance expense Net interest expense (notes 8 and 9)	(2,747,435)	(2,617,852)	(8,887,775)	(7,199,145)
Distributions on Class B LP Units (note 10)	(729,252)	(791,008)	(2,162,174)	(1,648,884)
Distributions on Class B El Offits (Note 10)	(123,232)	(731,000)	(2,102,174)	(1,040,004)
	(3,476,687)	(3,408,860)	(11,049,949)	(8,848,029)
Net income and comprehensive income for			•	<u> </u>
the period	6,412,316	4,157,032	15,055,030	15,080,859

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Changes in Unitholders' Equity (unaudited)

	Unitholders' Equity \$	Retained Earnings \$	Total \$
Balance – January 1, 2019	178,267,365	39,774,838	218,042,203
Net income for the period Class B LP Units exchanged for REIT Units (note 10) Distributions Issue of units under distribution reinvestment plan (note 16) Issue of units under restricted share unit plan (note 13) Issue of units to Trustees (note 21)	17,117,801 - 1,061,192 40,167 42,869	15,055,030 - (11,926,575) - - -	15,055,030 17,117,801 (11,926,575) 1,061,192 40,167 42,869
Balance - September 30, 2019	196,529,394	42,903,293	239,432,687
	Unitholders' Equity \$	Retained Earnings \$	Total \$
Balance – January 1, 2018	170,527,290	15,352,889	185,880,179
Net income for the period Class B LP Units exchanged for REIT Units Distributions Units issued as acquisition consideration (note 3) Issue of units under distribution reinvestment plan (note 16) Issue of units to Trustees (note 21)	20,441 - 2,084,762 653,076 114,800	15,080,859 - (10,735,810) - - -	15,080,859 20,441 (10,735,810) 2,084,762 653,076 114,800

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited)

		ree months ptember 30, 2018		nine months eptember 30, 2018
Operating activities Net income for the period	6,412,316	4,157,032	15,055,030	15,080,859
Adjustment for items not involving cash: Trustee fees settled in REIT units (note 21) Restricted share unit expense (note 13)	72,000	42,809	72,000	128,428 -
Share of net loss (income) from equity accounted investment in joint venture (note 5) Amortization of deferred financing costs (notes 8	(93,780)	(160,449)	191,447	(293,205)
and 9) Amortization of mortgage fair value adjustments (note 8)	66,131 (87,570)	119,414 (270,645)	300,158 (456,118)	389,179 (839,395)
Amortization of right-of-use assets Amortization of tenant incentives and leasing costs	23,273 73,939	29,337	69,820 181,751	50,163
Straight-line adjustments of rent Fair value adjustment of investment properties (note 4) Fair value adjustment of Class B LP Units (note 10) Fair value adjustment of warrants (note 11)	(63,941)	(70,407) (121,745) 593,408 (1,748)	(297,007) (390,124) 2,068,483 (2,945)	(212,338) (1,517,254) 324,022 (12,593)
Fair value adjustment of unit options (note 12) Fair value adjustment of derivatives financial instruments (note 18)	20,000 (107,615)	46,000	100,000 962,114	132,000
Changes in non-cash working capital Tenant and other receivables Prepaid expenses Deposits Other current assets Accounts payable, accruals and other liabilities	492,578 (350,434) 100,000 217,959 (281,199)	364,184 445,827 (150,000) (183,102) (1,737,891)	64,081 (2,385,721) 300,000 992,564 111,393	683,899 (1,860,499) (150,000) 898,768 (1,169,121)
Changes in other non-current assets Changes in restricted cash Total cash generated by operating activities	(10,320) (179,923) 6,016,943	(2,487) (24,967) 3,074,570	27,948 (229,858) 16,735,016	24,023 (74,902) 11,582,034
Investing activities Acquisition of investment properties Net proceeds on disposal of investment properties Investment in joint venture Capital expenditures, tenant incentives and leasing costs Total cash used in investing activities	(400,000) (1,151,237) (1,551,237)	(223,709) - (500,000) (782,233) (1,505,942)	(16,757,896) (900,000) (2,031,834) (19,689,730)	(49,878,204) 6,915,894 (500,000) (2,273,423) (45,735,733)
Financing activities Proceeds from new financings Financing costs Lease principal repayments Mortgage principal repayments Net borrowing on the Credit Facility Distributions to unitholders Total cash generated by (used in) financing activities	(173,031) (14,048) (6,405,005) 5,413,513 (3,626,821) (4,805,392)	(1,633,008) 1,560,519 (3,367,524) (3,440,013)	17,400,000 (433,443) (60,689) (9,667,101) 7,954,384 (10,743,576) 4,449,575	45,550,000 (248,941) - (4,439,346) 2,787,311 (10,063,341) 33,585,683
Change in cash during the period Cash - beginning of period Cash - end of period	(339,686) 5,188,716 4,849,030	(1,871,385) 5,557,140 3,685,755	1,494,861 3,354,169 4,849,030	(568,016) 4,253,771 3,685,755

Supplemental cash flow information (note 22)

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (unaudited)

1 Organization

Nexus Real Estate Investment Trust is an open-ended real estate investment trust established under the laws of Ontario pursuant to its declaration of trust, as amended and restated effective April 28, 2014 and November 28, 2017. Nexus Real Estate Investment Trust and its subsidiaries, (together, the REIT) own and operate commercial real estate properties in Western Canada, Ontario, Quebec and Atlantic Canada. The registered office of the REIT is located at 855-2nd Street S.W., Suite 3500, Calgary, AB, T2P 4J8.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the REIT have been prepared by management in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) applicable to the preparation of interim financial statements, including International Accounting Standard 34, Interim Financial Reporting, and do not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2018.

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis and under the historical cost convention, except for the revaluation of investment properties, Class B LP Units, warrants, unit options, restricted share units and interest rate swap agreements, which are presented at fair value. These condensed consolidated interim financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the functional currency of the REIT. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements were authorized for issue by the board of trustees of the REIT on November 19, 2019.

Asset held for sale

Assets are classified as being held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered mainly through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is satisfied when the asset is available for immediate sale in its present condition, management is committed to the sale and it is highly probable to occur within one year. When investment properties are classified as assets held for sale, they continue to be measured using the fair value model.

The accounting policies applied by the REIT in the preparation of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements are consistent with those applied for the year ended December 31, 2018, except for the following accounting policies adopted by the REIT as of January 1, 2019:

Derivative financial instruments

From time to time, the REIT enters into interest rate swap agreements in order to reduce the impact of fluctuating interest rates of certain new mortgages. These interest rate swaps usually require periodic exchanges of payments without the exchange of the notional principal amount on which the payments are based and they expire coterminous with the maturities of the corresponding mortgages and credit facility. The interest rate swaps are not designated as hedging instruments under IFRS. The interest rate swaps are measured at fair value on initial recognition and are subsequently measured and classified at fair value through profit and loss, with changes in fair value presented in the consolidated statement of income and comprehensive income.

Restricted share unit plan

The restricted share unit plan is measured at fair value at the date of grant and amortized to expense from the effective date of the grant to the final vesting date. The expense is recognized on a proportionate basis consistent with the vesting features of each tranche of the grant. The expense for restricted share units granted under the plan is recognized in general and administrative expense with a corresponding liability recognized based upon the fair value of the REIT's units. During the period in which the restricted share units are outstanding, the liability is adjusted for changes in the market value of the REIT's units, with such adjustments being recognized as a fair value adjustment in the period in which they occur. The liability balance is reduced as restricted share units are settled for REIT units and recorded in equity.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (unaudited)

IFRS 16, Leases

The REIT adopted IFRS 16 on January 1, 2019, using the modified retrospective approach and, therefore, the comparative information has not been restated and continues to be reported under the previously applicable standards as disclosed in the 2018 annual consolidated financial statements.

The REIT leases mainly land and buildings. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants.

Policy applicable from January 1, 2019:

At inception of a contract, the REIT assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease based on whether the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. The REIT has chosen to account for each lease component. The REIT recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the commencement date, which is the date the leased asset is available for use. Each lease payment is allocated between lease liabilities and financing costs. Financing costs are charged to the statement of income and comprehensive income over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of lease liabilities for each period. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost comprised of the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received;
- · any initial direct costs; and
- restoration costs.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated over the shorter of the underlying asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. The lease term includes periods covered by an option to extend if the REIT is reasonably certain to exercise that option. Also, the lease term includes periods covered by an option to terminate if the REIT is reasonably certain not to exercise that option. The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, at the REIT's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the REIT uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

The lease liability includes the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable;
- variable lease payments that are based on an index or rate, initially measured using the index or the
 effective rate at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable by the REIT under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the REIT is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the exercise of that option by the REIT.

Remeasurement

The right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability. The lease liability is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a change in the REIT's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or if the REIT changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (unaudited)

corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

Exceptions to the application of IFRS 16

The REIT has elected to apply exemptions related to the recognition of short-term or low-value leases at the transition date. Under this exemption, the REIT is not required to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities.

Policy applicable before January 1, 2019:

Leases were classified as finance leases when the lease arrangement transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the REIT. Leases were classified as operating leases when the lease arrangement does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the REIT. Payments made under operating leases were charged to the statement of income on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Finance leases were capitalized at the commencement of the lease term at the lower of the fair value of the leased property and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Each lease payment was allocated between the liability and financing costs so as to achieve a constant rate on the balance outstanding. Such lease liabilities, net of financing costs, were included under non-current liabilities. The interest component of the financing costs was charged to income over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. Property, plant and equipment acquired under finance leases were amortized over the shorter of the useful life of the underlying asset and the lease term.

Impact of transition to IFRS 16

IFRS 16 was applied using the modified retrospective approach effective January 1, 2019, under which approach the cumulative effect of initial application was recognized as at January 1, 2019. The information presented for 2018 has not been restated and remains as previously reported under IAS 17. On initial application, the REIT elected to record the right-of-use assets based on the corresponding lease liability. The lease liability is measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using the REIT's incremental borrowing rate as of January 1, 2019.

The REIT has classified the right-of-use-assets in respect of land leases as investment property at fair value. Land lease related expense previously recorded in property expenses is now recorded as net interest expense in the consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income and as lease principal repayments in the consolidated statements of cash flows.

The REIT has classified the right-of-use-assets in respect of office leases as non-current assets at amortized cost. Office lease related expense previously recorded in general and administrative expense is now recorded partially as general and administrative expense, resulting from the amortization of right-of-use assets, and partially as net interest expense in the consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income and as lease principal repayments in the consolidated statements of cash flows.

The adoption of IFRS 16 resulted in the recognition on January 1, 2019 of lease liabilities amounting to \$3,873,634, and right-of-use assets amounting to \$3,599,109 relating to office and land leases. Right-of-use assets in the amount of \$1,365,442 are recorded in non-current assets and \$2,233,667 is recorded in investment properties in the consolidated statement of financial position. These liabilities were measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments, applying a discount rate of 6%.

IFRIC 23, Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments

On January 1, 2019, the REIT adopted IFRIC 23, Uncertainty Over Income Tax Treatments, using the retrospective approach. IFRIC 23 clarifies how the recognition and measurement requirements of IAS 12, Income taxes, are applied where there is uncertainty over income tax treatments. The adoption of IFRIC 23 had no impact to the REIT's condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (unaudited)

Standards issued but not yet effective

There are pending changes to IFRS which are not yet effective for the current period and have not been applied in the preparation of the REIT's condensed consolidated interim financial statements:

IFRS 3, Business Combinations

In October 2018, the IASB issued amendments to IFRS 3, Business Combinations. The amendments clarified the definition of a business and provide guidance on whether an acquired set of activities and assets is a group of assets rather than a business. An acquirer only recognizes goodwill when acquiring a business, and not when acquiring a group of assets. The amendments apply to transactions for which the acquisition date is on or after the first annual reporting period beginning on or after January 1, 2020. Earlier adoption is permitted. These amendments will have no impact on the REIT's consolidated financial statements.

3 Acquisitions and disposals

1) Acquisitions

On April 2, 2019, the REIT acquired four industrial properties located in Fort St John, British Columbia; Blackfalds, Alberta; Medicine Hat, Alberta and Estevan, Saskatchewan (the Mastec Properties) for a contractual purchase price of \$31,000,000. The purchase price was partially satisfied through the issuance of 7,030,186 Class B LP Units of a subsidiary limited partnership of the REIT at a deemed value of \$2.10 per unit and convertible into REIT units on a 1 to 1 basis, with the balance, net of closing adjustments, satisfied in cash. The fair value of the units issued as purchase consideration, on the date of issuance, was measured at the closing price of the REIT's units on April 2, 2019 of \$2.02. The Mastec Properties were initially recorded at \$30,437,585, the fair value of the consideration paid. The carrying amount of the Mastec Properties was subsequently adjusted to the fair value of \$31,000,000.

On October 17, 2018, the REIT acquired a property located in Calgary, Alberta (the Calgary Property) for a contractual purchase price of \$8,500,000. The purchase price was partially satisfied through the issuance of 1,214,286 REIT Units at a deemed value of \$2.10 per REIT unit, with the balance, net of closing adjustments, satisfied in cash. The Calgary Property was initially recorded at \$8,378,572, the fair value of the consideration paid. The fair value of the REIT units issued as purchase price consideration was measured at the closing price of the REIT's units on October 17, 2018 of \$2.00 per unit. The carrying amount of the Calgary Property was subsequently adjusted to its fair value of \$8,500,000.

On August 1, 2018, the REIT acquired a property located in Beamsville, Ontario (the Beamsville Property) for a contractual purchase price of \$6,595,000. The purchase price was satisfied through the issuance of 1,880,524 Class B LP units of a subsidiary limited partnership of the REIT at a deemed value of \$2.10 per unit, convertible on a 1.67 to 1 basis to 3,140,475 REIT units, with closing adjustments satisfied in cash. The Beamsville Property was initially recorded at \$6,249,545, the fair value of the consideration paid. The fair value of the Class B LP units issued as purchase price consideration was measured at the closing price of the REIT's units on August 1, 2018 of \$1.99 per unit. The carrying amount of the Beamsville Property was subsequently adjusted to its fair value of \$6,595,000

On June 27, 2018, the REIT acquired an industrial property located in Regina, Saskatchewan (the Regina Property) for a contractual purchase price of \$6,300,000. The purchase price was partially satisfied through the issuance of 1,047,619 REIT units at a deemed value of \$2.10 per unit, with the balance, net of closing adjustments, satisfied in cash. The Regina Property was initially recorded at \$6,184,762, the fair value of the consideration paid. The fair value of the 1,047,619 REIT units issued as purchase price consideration, on the date of issuance, was measured at the closing price of the REIT's units on June 27, 2018 of \$1.99 per unit. The carrying amount of the Regina Property was subsequently adjusted to its fair value of \$6,300,000.

On June 7, 2018, the REIT acquired two industrial properties located in Nisku, Alberta (the Nisku Properties) for a contractual purchase price of \$12,345,000. The purchase price was partially satisfied through the issuance of 1,533,219 Class B LP Units of a subsidiary limited partnership of the REIT convertible on a 1.67 to 1 basis to

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (unaudited)

2,560,476 REIT units at a deemed value of \$2.10 per REIT unit, with the balance, net of closing adjustments, satisfied in cash. The Nisku Properties were initially recorded at \$12,088,951, the fair value of the consideration paid. The fair value of the units issued as purchase consideration, on the date of issuance, was measured at the closing price of the REIT's units on June 7, 2018 of \$2.00. The carrying amount of the Nisku Properties was subsequently adjusted to the fair value of \$12,345,000.

On April 30, 2018, the REIT acquired a property located in Richmond, British Columbia (the Richmond Property) for a contractual purchase price of \$57,380,000. The purchase price was partially satisfied through the issuance of 9,666,667 Class B LP Units of a subsidiary limited partnership of the REIT at a deemed value of \$2.10 per unit and convertible into REIT units on a 1 to 1 basis, with the balance, net of closing adjustments, satisfied in cash. The units issued as purchase consideration were measured at the closing price of the REIT's units on April 30, 2018 of \$1.98. The vendor is obligated to complete certain improvements to the property with an estimated cost of \$2,400,000. The REIT received a credit of \$659,356 from the vendor at closing, and an additional \$1,175,220 was recorded as an estimate of the amount that would be payable by the vendor to the REIT during the completion of the property improvements and commencement of tenant leases. The Richmond Property was initially recorded at the fair value of the net consideration payable of \$54,385,425, with \$2,400,000 of this amount classified as prepaid development charges.

The impact of acquiring the Mastec Properties in the period ended September 30, 2019 is as follows:

	\$
Investment properties acquired Transaction costs Working capital acquired Net assets acquired	30,437,585 521,287 586,678 31,545,550
Consideration: Proceeds of new mortgages financing Issuance of Class B LP Units to the vendor Deferred financing costs - new financing	17,400,000 14,200,976 (55,426) 31,545,550

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (unaudited)

The impact of acquiring the properties in the year ended December 31, 2018 is as follows:

	Richmond \$	Nisku \$	Regina \$	Beamsville \$	Calgary \$	Total \$
Investment properties						
acquired	51,985,425	12,088,951	6,184,762	6,249,545	8,378,572	84,887,255
Prepaid development	2 400 000					2 400 000
charges Transaction costs	2,400,000 1,940,313	133,766	- 91,771	223,710	- 77,131	2,400,000 2,466,691
Working capital acquired	1,016,462	(96,860)	(75,348)	223,710	-	844,254
Net assets acquired	57,342,200	12,125,857	6,201,185	6,473,255	8,455,703	90,598,200
Consideration:						
Cash, net of cash acquired	4,354,842	(400,051)	40,884	223,710	315,204	4,534,589
Proceeds of new	04 000 000	7 450 000	4 400 000		F 7F0 000	F4 000 000
mortgages financing	34,000,000	7,450,000	4,100,000	-	5,750,000	51,300,000
Deferred financing costs - new financing	(152,642)	(45,043)	(24,461)	_	(38,073)	(260,219)
Issuance of REIT units to	(102,012)	(10,010)	(= 1, 101)		(00,010)	(200,210)
the vendors	-	-	2,084,762	-	2,428,572	4,513,334
Issuance of Class B LP						
Units to the vendors	19,140,000	5,120,951		6,249,545		30,510,496
	57,342,200	12,125,857	6,201,185	6,473,255	8,455,703	90,598,200

2) Disposals

On April 30, 2018, the REIT sold a property located in Kelowna, British Columbia for a selling price of \$10,000,000. Net of selling costs of \$26,750 and related mortgage debt with a principal amount of \$4,384,106, the REIT received proceeds of \$5,589,144 on the sale. The sale of the property generated a loss on sale of \$26,750.

On April 6, 2018, the REIT sold a property located in Yellowknife, Northwest Territories for a selling price of \$1,300,000. Net of selling costs of \$21,971, the REIT received cash proceeds of \$1,278,029 on the sale. The sale of the property generated a loss on sale of \$21,971.

4 Investment properties

	September 30, 2019 \$	December 31, 2018 \$
Balance, beginning of period IFRS 16 transition - recognition of right-of-use assets (note 2) Acquisition of investment properties, including acquisition costs of	530,191,912 2,233,667	431,807,144
\$521,287 (2018 - \$2,466,691) (note 3)	30,958,872	87,353,946
Additions - capital expenditures	653,647	2,230,870
Additions - tenant incentives and leasing costs	1,378,187	1,134,913
Amortization of tenant incentives and leasing costs	(181,751)	(85,242)
Reclassified from prepaid development charges (note 7)	612,250	-
Disposal of investment properties (note 3)	-	(11,300,000)
Investment property classified as held for sale during the period	(3,700,000)	-
Fair value adjustment	390,124	19,050,281
Balance, end of period	562,536,908	530,191,912

As at September 30, 2019, the REIT had entered into a purchase and sale agreement to sell a property with a fair value of \$3,700,000 and classified this property as held for sale.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (unaudited)

The fair value of the investment properties as at September 30, 2019 was determined primarily through the application of the direct capitalization method, with certain adjustments for the present value of rents determined to be above or below market rents.

The key valuation metrics used in determining the fair value of the investment properties are as detailed below:

	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Weighted average capitalization rate	6.85%	6.77%
Range of capitalization rates	5.75% - 10.10%	5.75% - 9.50%
Stabilized net operating income	\$38,890,000	\$36,100,000

The fair value of the investment properties is most sensitive to changes in capitalization rates. As at September 30, 2019, a 0.25% increase in the weighted average capitalization rate would result in a decrease of approximately \$19,995,000 in the determination of the fair value of the investment properties. A 0.25% decrease in the weighted average capitalization rate would result in an increase of approximately \$21,510,000 in the determination of the fair value of the investment properties.

The calculation of the fair value of investment properties using the direct income capitalization method results in the measurement being classified as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy. Significant unobservable inputs used in the Level 3 valuation of the investment properties are the capitalization rate and the stabilized net operating income applied in the valuations. Generally, an increase in stabilized net operating income or a decrease in capitalization rates will result in an increase in the fair value of investment properties. Conversely, a decrease in stabilized net operating income or an increase in capitalization rates will generally result in a decrease in the fair value of investment properties.

5 Equity investment in joint venture

The REIT has a 50% interest in Société en Commandite 2045 Stanley, the limited partnership that owns the office building located at 2039-2047 rue Stanley in Montreal.

The following table summarizes the equity investment in the joint venture:

	September 30, 2019 \$	December 31, 2018 \$
Balance, beginning of period	4,353,866	4,624,388
Capital contribution	900,000	500,000
Share of net loss from investment in joint venture	(191,447)	(770,522)
Balance, end of period	5,062,419	4,353,866

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (unaudited)

The following table summarizes the cumulative financial information of the joint venture:

	September 30, 2019 \$	December 31, 2018 \$
Property under development	27,214,439	26,200,000
Other non-current assets	519,688	393,641
Cash	273,732	393,949
Tenant and other receivables	85,043	380,611
Other current assets	265,235	245,732
Derivative financial instruments	(416,517)	229,090
Bank facility	(17,360,010)	(18,000,000)
Accounts payable, accruals and other liabilities	(456,772)	(1,135,291)
Net assets	10,124,838	8,707,732
50% investment in joint venture	5,062,419	4,353,866

	For the three months ended September 30, 2019 2018		For the nine months ended September 30 2019 20	
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Property revenues	792,221	507,709	2,115,763	1,506,367
Property expenses	(425,214)	(321,793)	(1,367,845)	(940,088)
Net rental income	367,007	185,916	747,918	566,279
General and administrative expense	(46,987)	(21,436)	(145,137)	(193,535)
Interest expense	(119,547)	(88,582)	(340,068)	(244,691)
Fair value adjustment of derivative financial				
instruments	(12,913)	244,999	(645,607)	458,356
Net income and comprehensive income (loss) for				
the period	187,560	320,897	(382,894)	586,409
Share of net income and comprehensive income				
(loss) from 50% investment in joint venture	93,780	160,449	(191,447)	293,205

6 Tenant and other receivables

The REIT leases industrial, office and retail properties to tenants under operating leases. Minimum rental commitments on non-cancellable tenant operating leases over their remaining terms are as follows:

	September 30, 2019 \$
Remainder of 2019	10,047,161
2020 – 2023	136,708,219
2024 – Thereafter	85,105,029
	231,860,409

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (unaudited)

7 Other current assets

Other current assets are comprised as follows:

	September 30, 2019 \$	December 31, 2018 \$
Prepaid development charges (note 3)	1,787,750	2,400,000
Vendor rent obligation (note 3)	1,074,325	-
Capital expenditures escrow	-	2,000,000
Reserves held by mortgage lenders with respect to property taxes and		
capital expenditures	419,861	610,871
Cumulative straight-line rent adjustments	1,585,855	1,214,338
Other	152,584	102,973
Total other current assets	5,020,375	6,328,182

In the nine months ended September 30, 2019, the vendor rent obligation was reassessed in the context of anticipated delays in the completion of property improvements required before the commencement of certain leases and the total amount of additional vendor rent obligation expected to be collected from the Richmond Property vendor between January 1, 2019 and the commencement of tenant leases was estimated to be \$3,207,794 during the period. This amount was recorded in other income and other current assets. As at September 30, 2019, the vendor rent obligation receivable is \$1,074,325.

8 Mortgages payable

As at September 30, 2019, the mortgages payable are secured by charges against 55 of the REIT's investment properties. The weighted average interest rate, including deferred financing costs and interest rate swap agreements, of the mortgages payable is 3.90% and the weighted average term to maturity is 3.50 years (December 31, 2018 - 2.76 years). The breakdown of future principal repayments, including mortgage maturity, is presented in the following table:

	Scheduled Repayments \$	Principal Maturities \$	Total \$
Remainder of 2019	1,809,465	19,337,253	21,146,718
2020	6,480,777	38,137,829	44,618,606
2021	5,612,060	16,989,177	22,601,237
2022	5,177,047	15,972,007	21,149,054
2023	3,852,846	48,955,120	52,807,966
Thereafter	4,584,487	65,138,391	69,722,878
Total	27,516,682	204,529,777	232,046,459

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (unaudited)

The following table summarizes the changes in mortgages payable for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and year ended December 31, 2018:

	September 30, 2019 \$	December 31, 2018 \$
Mortgages payable, beginning of period New mortgage financing, net of mortgages assumed on	224,313,560	179,543,881
disposal (note 3)	17,400,000	50,915,894
Principal repayments	(9,667,101)	(6,146,215)
Mortgages payable, end of period	232,046,459	224,313,560
Less: Deferred financing costs, beginning of period	(563,134)	(544,273)
Less: Additions to deferred financing costs	(267,708)	(335,675)
Plus: Amortization of deferred financing costs	206,658	316,814
Plus: Fair value adjustment of mortgages, beginning of period	1,248,067	2,354,676
Less: Amortization of fair value adjustments	(456,118)	(1,106,609)
Balance, end of period	232,214,224	224,998,493
Less: Current portion	(60,653,487)	(66,654,908)
	171,560,737	158,343,585

9 Credit Facility

On September 13, 2019, the REIT refinanced its existing credit facility to a fixed-term facility of \$65,000,000 and a revolving facility of \$5,000,000 (together the Credit Facility). The Credit Facility matures on September 13, 2024 and is secured against 13 of the REIT's investment properties.

The \$65,000,000 fixed-term facility bears interest at the 30-day Bankers' acceptance rate plus 150 basis points. Concurrent with the refinancing, the REIT entered into interest rate swap agreements totalling \$65,000,000 to swap floating 30-day Bankers' acceptance rates for a fixed rate of 1.65%. The \$5,000,000 revolving credit facility allows the REIT to draw against the facility in the form of prime rate advances or Bankers' acceptances. Prime rate advances bear interest at 100 basis points per annum over the Canadian prime borrowing rate. Bankers' acceptance advances bear interest at 200 basis points per annum over the floating bankers' acceptance rate.

The REIT has a \$500,000 revolving line of credit bearing interest at 100 basis points per annum over the Canadian prime borrowing rate. The line of credit is secured against six of the REIT's investment properties and allows the REIT to draw down a yearly average maximum of 75% of the \$500,000 credit limit. As at September 30, 2019, this line of credit was undrawn (December 31, 2018 - undrawn).

Funds drawn against the Credit Facility and the revolving line of credit are as follows:

	September 30, 2019 \$	December 31, 2018 \$
Fixed-term borrowings Bankers' acceptance borrowings Prime rate borrowings	65,000,000 - 1,763,222	50,350,000 6,000,000 2,458,838
Total drawn against the Credit Facility Less: deferred financing costs	66,763,222 (165,735) 66,597,487	58,808,838 (93,500) 58,715,338

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (unaudited)

Amounts drawn on the Credit Facility as at September 30, 2019 are as follows:

	Principal Amount \$	Interest Rate	Repricing Date
Fixed-term borrowings	65,000,000	3.47% (1)	October 14, 2019 (1)
Prime rate borrowings	1,763,222	4.95%	Variable
	66,763,222		

The REIT entered into interest rate swap agreements to swap floating rate interest for a fixed rate of 3.15% over the term of the Credit Facility.

The following table summarizes the changes in the Credit Facility for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and year ended December 31, 2018:

	September 30, 2019 \$	December 31, 2018 \$
Drawn against credit facility, beginning of period	58,808,838	61,710,147
Net borrowings (repayments) during the period	7,954,384	(2,901,309)
Drawn against credit facility, end of period	66,763,222	58,808,838
Less: Deferred financing costs, beginning of period	(93,500)	(253,697)
Less: Deferred financing costs incurred	(165,735)	(26,795)
Plus: Amortization of deferred financing costs	93,500	186,992
Balance, end of period	66,597,487	58,715,338

10 Class B LP Units

The following table summarizes the changes in Class B LP Units for the period ended September 30, 2019:

Class B LP Units	Amount \$
19,746,065	37,320,065
7,030,186	14,200,976
(8,540,392)	(17,117,801)
· -	2,068,483
18,235,859	36,471,723
	19,746,065 7,030,186 (8,540,392)

Distributions in the amount of \$729,252 (2018 - \$791,008) were declared payable to holders of Class B LP Units for the three months ended September 30, 2019, and distributions in the amount of \$2,162,174 (2018 - \$1,648,884) were declared in the nine-month period then ended. These amounts have been recognized as finance expense in the consolidated statement of income and comprehensive income. Distributions payable in the amount of \$243,084 were accrued as at September 30, 2019 (December 31, 2018 - \$263,215).

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (unaudited)

11 Warrants

The following table presents the changes in warrants for the period ended September 30, 2019:

	Number of warrants	Weighted average exercise price \$	Weighted average remaining contract life
Outstanding as at December 31, 2018	1,057,666	2.99	0.95
Warrants expired	(556,666)	2.99	
Outstanding as at September 30, 2019	501,000	2.99	0.67

The following table presents the details of warrants outstanding as at September 30, 2019:

Exercise price \$	Number of warrants	Expiration date	Number of vested warrants
2.99	501,000	June 2, 2020	501,000
	501,000		501,000

Awards of warrants are fair valued by applying the Black-Scholes valuation method. The average expected volatility rate used in the valuation is estimated based on the historical volatility of comparable companies over a period of time approximating the average expected warrant holding period. The average risk-free interest rate used is based on Government of Canada bonds with terms consistent with the average expected warrant holding period.

The fair value of the warrants as at September 30, 2019 was determined through the application of the Black-Scholes method. The key assumptions used in determining the fair value of the warrants are detailed below:

	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Weighted average expected warrant life (in years) Weighted average volatility rate	0.67 25.00%	0.95 25.00%
Weighted average risk-free interest rate Distribution yield	1.70% 8.00%	1.87% 8.47%

12 Unit options

The REIT has adopted a unit-based compensation plan (the Plan) effective January 13, 2014. Under the terms of the Plan, the Board of Trustees may from time to time, at its discretion, grant options to purchase units of the REIT to trustees, officers and employees of the REIT and its affiliates, agents in connection with equity offerings and other consultants. The maximum number of options and restricted share units that may be reserved under the Plan and the Incentive Plan (note 13) is 10% of the outstanding units of the REIT.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (unaudited)

The following table presents the changes in unit options for the period ended September 30, 2019:

	Number of unit options	Weighted average exercise price \$	Weighted average remaining contract life	Number of vested unit options
Outstanding as at December 31, 2018	3,706,820	2.03	2.93	2,085,153
Unit options forfeited	(30,020)	2.79		
Unit options expired	(710,000)	2.00		
Outstanding as at September 30, 2019	2,966,800	2.04	2.75	1,683,467

The following table presents the details of unit options outstanding as at September 30, 2019:

Exercise price \$	Number of unit options	Weighted average remaining contract life	Number of vested unit options
1.88	975,000	1.90	975,000
2.10	1,925,000	3.24	641,667
2.54	66,800	0.91	66,800
	2,966,800	2.75	1,683,467

Awards of options are fair valued applying the Black-Scholes method. The average expected volatility rate used in the valuation is estimated based on the historical volatility of comparable companies over a period of time approximating the average expected unit option holding period. The average risk-free interest rate used is based on Government of Canada bonds with terms consistent with the average expected unit option holding period. For vested options, the average expected unit option holding period used is estimated to be half of the life of the option. For unvested options, the average expected unit option holding period is estimated to be the period until the options vest plus half of the period from vesting to expiry.

The fair value of the unit options as at September 30, 2019 was determined through the application of the Black-Scholes method. The key assumptions used in determining the fair value of the unit options are as detailed below:

	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Weighted average expected unit option life (in years)	1.54	1.75
Weighted average volatility rate	25.00%	25.00%
Weighted average risk-free interest rate	1.64%	1.82%
Distribution yield	8.00%	8.47%

13 Restricted share units

The REIT has adopted an incentive unit plan (the Incentive Plan) effective June 22, 2018. Under the Incentive Plan, the Board of Trustees may grant restricted share units (RSUs) of the REIT to trustees, officers and employees of the REIT and consultants. The REIT is authorized to issue up to 4,448,704 units under the Incentive Plan. The maximum number of restricted share units and options that may be reserved under the Incentive Plan and the Plan is 10% of the outstanding units of the REIT.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (unaudited)

On July 12, 2019, the REIT has granted an aggregate of 130,348 RSUs. These RSUs will vest one-third on the date of issuance, one-third on February 28, 2020 and one-third on February 28, 2021. The fair value of each unit granted is determined based on the volume-weighted average trading price of units of the REIT for the five trading days prior to the grant date.

14 Accounts payable, accruals and other liabilities

Accounts payable, accruals and other liabilities are comprised as follows:

	September 30, 2019 \$	December 31, 2018 \$
Prepaid rent	1,940,385	1,246,147
Security deposits	1,783,083	1,665,202
Accrued interest expense	818,863	968,674
Transaction costs related to acquisitions (note 3)	-	42,067
Sales and other taxes payable	503,392	625,378
Trade accounts payable and other	2,497,837	3,242,266
	7,543,560	7,789,734

15 Unitholders' equity

The REIT is authorized to issue an unlimited number of units and special voting units. Each unit entitles the holder to a single vote at any meeting of unitholders and entitles the holder to receive a pro rata share of all distributions and in the event of termination or winding up of the REIT, in the net assets of the REIT remaining after satisfaction of all liabilities. The units are redeemable at any time at the demand of the holders to receive a price per unit as determined by the REIT's declaration of trust. Among other conditions for redemption, the total amount payable by the REIT in respect of units surrendered for redemption shall not exceed \$50,000 in any one calendar month.

The declaration of trust provides for the issuance of special voting units which have no economic entitlement in the REIT or in the distribution of assets of the REIT, but are used to provide voting rights proportionate to the votes of the units to holders of securities exchangeable into units, including Class B LP Units.

The following table presents the changes in unitholders' equity for the period ended September 30, 2019:

	Units	Amount \$
Unitholders' equity as at December 31, 2018	92,699,252	178,267,365
Class B LP Units exchanged for REIT units (note 10)	8,540,392	17,117,801
Units issued under distribution reinvestment plan (note 16)	554,799	1,061,192
Units issued under restricted share unit plan (note 13)	20,215	40,167
Units issued as consideration for trustee services (note 21)	22,844	42,869
Unitholders' equity as at September 30, 2019	101,837,502	196,529,394

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (unaudited)

16 Distribution reinvestment plan

The REIT adopted a distribution reinvestment plan (DRIP) on February 20, 2014, pursuant to which resident Canadian holders of not less than 1,000 units are entitled to elect to have all or some of the cash distributions of the REIT automatically reinvested in additional units at a price per unit calculated by reference to the weighted average of the trading price for the units for the five trading days immediately preceding the relevant distribution date. Eligible unitholders who so elect will receive a bonus distribution of units equal to 4% of each distribution that was reinvested by them under the DRIP. During the three-month period ended September 30, 2019, 230,719 units (2018 – 124,408 units) were issued under the DRIP for a stated value of \$438,968 (2018 - \$238,113) and for the nine-month period then ended, 554,799 units (2018 – 339,615 units) were issued under the DRIP for a stated value of \$1,061,192 (2018 - \$653,076).

17 Property revenues

The following table presents the main components of property revenues according to their nature:

	For the three months ended September 30,		For the nine months ended September 30,	
	2019 2018		2019	2018
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Rental income	12,934,115	11,677,545	38,113,476	33,882,730
Revenue from services	1,715,317	1,605,139	5,489,960	5,360,609
Other revenue	225,985	168,157	661,844	632,987
	14,875,417	13,450,841	44,265,280	39,876,326

18 Financial instruments

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the REIT will not have the financial resources required to meet its financial obligations as they come due. The REIT manages this risk by ensuring it has sufficient cash on hand or borrowing capacity to meet obligations as they come due by forecasting cash flows from operations, cash required for investing activities and cash from financing activities. As at September 30, 2019, the REIT had cash of \$4,849,030 (December 31, 2018 - \$3,354,169), mortgages payable of \$232,046,459 (December 31, 2018 - \$224,313,560), a Credit Facility balance of \$66,763,222 (December 31, 2018 - \$58,808,838) and accounts payable, accruals and other liabilities of \$7,543,560 (December 31, 2018 - \$7,789,734). The REIT had a working capital deficit of \$51,916,637 as at September 30, 2019 (December 31, 2018 - \$122,666,451). The current portion of mortgages payable accounts for \$60,653,487 of the working capital deficit. The REIT expects that it will also be able to refinance the mortgages on their maturities. The REIT has access to undrawn funds under the Credit Facility and expects to generate sufficient cash from operations to satisfy its financial liabilities as they come due.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (unaudited)

The contractual maturities and repayment obligations of the REIT's financial liabilities are as follows:

	Accounts payable accruals and other liabilities	Lease liabilities \$	Credit Facility principal repayment	Interest on fixed portion of Credit Facility \$	Mortgages payable \$	Mortgage interest \$	Total \$
Remainder							
of 2019	7,543,560	71,348	-	511,875	21,146,718	2,219,339	31,492,840
2020	-	286,273	-	2,047,500	44,618,606	7,281,032	54,233,411
2021	-	287,739	-	2,047,500	22,601,237	6,303,793	31,240,269
2022	-	287,739	-	2,047,500	21,149,054	5,259,853	28,744,146
2023	-	297,039	-	2,047,500	52,807,966	3,750,297	58,902,802
Thereafter		6,443,986	66,763,222	1,535,625	69,722,878	4,533,921	148,999,632
Total	7,543,560	7,674,124	66,763,222	10,237,500	232,046,459	29,348,235	353,613,100

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. There is a risk that the REIT may not be able to renegotiate its mortgages and Credit Facility at maturity on terms as favourable as the existing mortgages payable and Credit Facility. As at September 30, 2019, there was a total of \$103,388,444 (December 31, 2018 - \$8,458,838) of mortgage and Credit Facility borrowings which bear interest at floating bankers' acceptance or Canadian prime rates plus a fixed spread. There is a risk that prevailing interest rates could increase, and those increases could be significant. The REIT mitigates interest rate risk by maintaining reasonable levels of debt to investment property value and aims to structure new debt to stagger the maturities to ensure that the majority of debt does not come due for repayment in any one particular year. The REIT has entered into interest rate swap agreements totalling \$101,625,222 to mitigate interest rate risk arising from floating rate debt.

In April 2019, the REIT entered into certain new mortgages and simultaneously entered into interest rate swap agreements to swap floating rate interest for fixed rate interest over the terms of these mortgages. The interest rate swap agreements expire coterminous with the maturity of the corresponding mortgages.

In September 2019, the REIT refinanced its Credit Facility and simultaneously entered into interest rate swap agreements to swap floating rate interest for fixed rate interest over the term of the Credit Facility. The interest rate swap agreements expire coterminous with the maturity of the Credit Facility.

The fair value measurements of the interest rate swap agreements have been classified as Level 2, as they are based mainly on observable market data, namely government bond yields and interest rates.

The following table presents relevant information on interest rate swap agreements:

Transaction date	Effective fixed interest rate	Maturity date	Original principal amount \$	Outstanding amount \$	Unrealized loss (gain) on change in the fair value \$
April 2019	3.67 %	April 24, 2024	12,000,000	11,876,878	158,339
April 2019	3.74 %	April 24, 2026	12,500,000	12,373,011	328,260
April 2019	3.87 %	April 24, 2029	12,500,000	12,375,333	602,890
September 2019	3.15 %	September 13, 2024	65,000,000	65,000,000	(127,375)
			102,000,000	101,625,222	962,114

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (unaudited)

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a loss to another party by failing to pay for its obligations. The REIT is subject to credit risk with respect to its cash and tenant and other receivables. The REIT mitigates credit risk by monitoring the credit ratings of the institutions holding the REIT's deposits.

As at September 30, 2019, one tenant accounted for approximately 13% of the REIT's base rental income, resulting in a concentration of credit risk. The REIT monitors the creditworthiness of its tenants on an ongoing basis.

19 Lease liabilities

The REIT has a leasehold interest in a property subject to a 66-year land lease, which commenced on May 1, 2006, and has two ten-year options to renew. The land lease provides for annual base rent and additional rent comprising the property's proportionate share of common area maintenance and property tax expense. The full annual ground lease payment is due in advance in May of each year.

The REIT has a leasehold interest in a property subject to a 25-year land lease, which commenced on May 25, 2012, and has two five-year options to renew. The land lease provides for annual base rent. The REIT has the option to purchase the land subject to the land lease, and this option may first be exercised on May 25, 2022.

The REIT has the rights and obligations of a 20-year term lease of 7,170 square feet of office space in a property owned at 50% by the REIT through investments in a joint venture. The lease commenced on January 1, 2018. The REIT has the rights and obligations of a 5-year term lease of 1,760 square feet of office space. The lease commenced on November 1, 2018.

20 Capital management

The REIT defines its capital as its total unitholders' equity net of retained earnings or deficit, mortgages payable, Class B LP Units and the Credit Facility. The REIT manages its capital to ensure that sufficient funds are available to fund operations, including the identification and acquisition of businesses or assets. The REIT ensures that it has sufficient capital to fund its operations as a going concern, and to identify, analyze and finance further potential acquisitions. As part of the REIT's strategy for managing its capital, it may adjust the amount of distributions paid to unitholders, issue new units or debt, borrow against the Credit Facility, or repay debt.

The REIT's Credit Facility contains interest coverage, distribution and loan to value covenants, for which non-compliance would result in an event of default, allowing the lender to demand repayment of amounts outstanding under the Credit Facility. As at September 30, 2019, the REIT was in compliance with all of the financial covenants contained within the Credit Facility and the mortgages.

21 Related party transactions

For the three-month period ended September 30, 2019, trustee retainer fees in the amount of \$45,326 were expensed (2018 - \$53,125), and no units were issued to trustees as payment of retainer fees (2018 - 21,455 units at an average price per unit of \$2.00). For the nine-month period then ended, trustee retainer fees in the amount of \$151,576 were expensed (2018 - \$159,375), and 22,844 units (2018 - 57,551 units) at an average price per unit of \$1.88 (2018 - \$1.99) were issued to trustees as payment of retainer fees. Trustee retainer fees are settled in cash commencing with retainer fees earned in respect of 2019. Trustee retainer fees in the amount of \$45,326 were accrued as at September 30, 2019 (December 31, 2018 - \$55,538).

Trustee meeting fees in the amount of \$5,500 were expensed for the three-month period ended September 30, 2019 (2018 - \$6,500) and for the nine-month period then ended, trustee meeting fees in the amount of \$34,200 were expensed (2018 - \$31,000). Trustee meeting fees in the amount of \$5,500 were accrued as at September 30, 2019 (December 31, 2018 - \$6,500).

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (unaudited)

For the three-month period ended September 30, 2019, key management earned salaries and other short-term employee benefits in the amount of \$159,250 (2018 - \$153,000) and \$477,750 was earned in respect of the nine-month period ended September 30, 2019 (2018 - \$547,308).

The REIT received lease payments from companies controlled by funds associated with TriWest, a related party to a trustee of the REIT, totalling \$900,793 for the three-month period ended September 30, 2019 (2018 - \$886,683) and \$2,702,380 for the nine-month period then ended (2018 - \$2,660,049).

22 Supplemental cash flow information

Cash interest and income taxes paid and received are as follows:

	For the three months ended September 30,		For the nine months ended September 30,	
	2019 \$	2018 \$	2019 \$	2018 \$
Cash interest paid	3,611,547	3,507,206	11,431,033	7,869,721
Cash income taxes paid	24,285	-	32,367	-

23 Subsequent event

On September 23, 2019, the REIT entered into an agreement to sell a property located in Mascouche, Quebec for a selling price of \$3,700,000. On October 25, 2019, the purchaser waived conditions with respect to the agreement and the sale is scheduled to close on December 2, 2019.